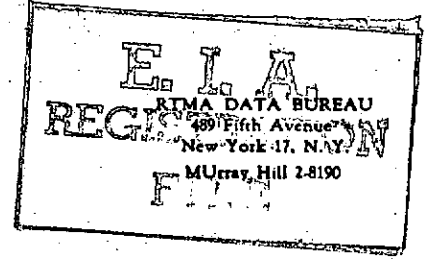


RADIO - TELEVISION MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

Release No. 1224

August 14, 1953



To Tube Engineers:

The Joint Electron Tube Engineering Council announces registration of the JETEC tube type designations

2N30
2N31
1N151
1N152
1N153

1N94

1N94

according to the ratings and characteristics defined in the attached data sheets on application of

General Electric Company
Syracuse, New York

Very truly yours,

Ralph R. Batcher

Chief Engineer
Radio-Electronics-Television Manufacturers Association

RRBatcher;jml
Enclosure

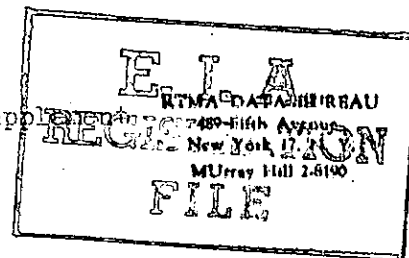
Types 1N91, 1N92, 1N93 and 1N94 were previously issued in Release No. 1146, December 24, 1952.

**RADIO - TELEVISION MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**



Release No. 1224 Supplement

August 28, 1953



To Tube Engineers:

On August 14, 1953, the Joint Electron Tube Engineering Council announced registration of JETEC tube type designations

2N30

2N31

The attached data sheets bore the sponsor's designations of G11 and G11A. These types were assigned JETEC type numbers 2N30 and 2N31 respectively.

Very truly yours,

Ralph K. Batcher
Chief Engineer

Radio-Electronics-Television Manufacturers Association

RRBatcher; jal



GERMANIUM PRODUCTS

GERMANIUM TRANSISTORS

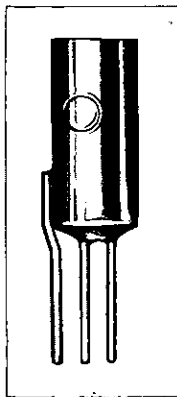
Type G11
Type G11A

General Electric Germanium Transistors are power amplifiers which have been designed to perform many of the various functions of vacuum tubes. Their outstanding characteristics are small size, instantaneous operation (no heater power), low input impedance, high output impedance and long life.

PRINCIPAL APPLICATIONS

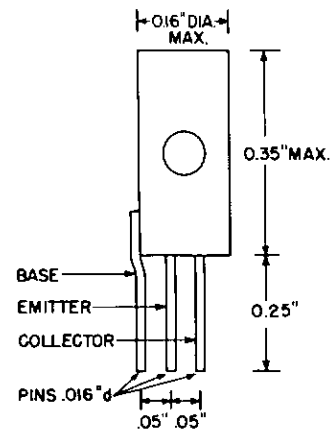
Type G11: Amplifier and oscillator
Type G11A: Counter

PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Approx. three times actual size.

- Case: Brass
- Pins: Gold plated phosphor bronze
- Impregnation: Filled with moisture resistant wax
- Suggested Means of Connection: Plug into 5- or 7-pin subminiature tube socket
- Mounting: Any position
- Pin Connections:
 - Base: Soldered to case
 - Emitter: Center pin
 - Collector: Opposite base pin



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Collector dissipation	100 mw
Collector voltage, V_c	30 volts
Collector current, I_c	7 ma
Emitter current, I_e	3 ma
Emitter peak-inverse voltage	50 volts
Ambient temperature	40°C

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS cont.

Typical Operating Characteristics—Grounded Base Operation:

For $V_c = 25$ volts, $I_e = 0.5$ ma, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$:

Base resistance, R_b
 Collector resistance, R_c
 Input resistance, $R_e + R_b$
 Current amplification factor, alpha
 Power gain*
 Cut-off frequency, F_c^{**}
 $I_{c0, \text{max}}^{***}$
 Noise figure
 Minimum d-c resistance in emitter circuit

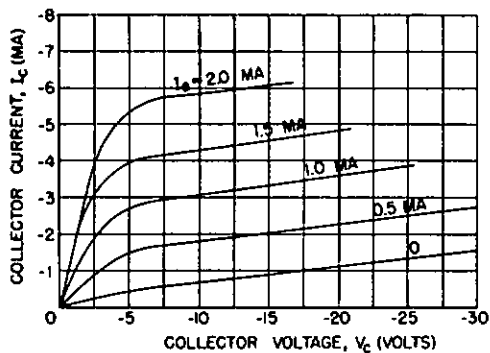
G11
 200 ohms
 20 K ohms
 475 ohms
 2.2
 17 db
 2 mc
 —
 57 db
 500 ohms

G11A
 400 ohms
 20 K ohms
 800 ohms
 2.2
 2 mc
 1.5 ma

NOTES:

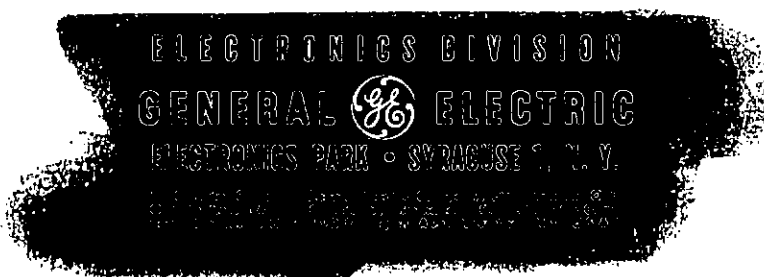
1. Impedances are open circuit measurements.
2. Any germanium transistor may be damaged by excessive voltage surges. In experimental work, it is generally best to connect the transistor in its circuit and raise the voltages gradually until the desired operating condition is reached.
- *3. Power gain measured with a 500 ohm external input resistance and a load resistance of 20,000 ohms.
- **4. Frequency at which alpha is 3 db down from its 1000 cycle value.
- ***5. $I_e = 0$ ma, $V_c = -25$ volts.

TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS FOR G11 AND G11A



SCOPE OF SPECIFICATIONS

In the construction of the equipment described, the full intent of the specifications will be met. The General Electric Company, however, reserves the right to make any departure from the specification for reasons of improved design.





GERMANIUM PRODUCTS

DIFFUSED JUNCTION RECTIFIERS

Types 1N91, 1N92, 1N93, 1N94
1N151, 1N152, 1N153

General Electric Diffused Junction Rectifiers bring to the electronic industry characteristics and ratings never before achieved in rectifiers either of the thermionic or metallic types. They combine very low forward resistance with high back resistance to give almost 100% rectification efficiency.

Reliability is featured in the design of these rectifiers, a result of the hermetically sealed construction. Several models are supplied with pigtailed which makes them easy to include in an electronic circuit. Medium-current models are also available and are provided with brackets to facilitate mounting on the chassis.

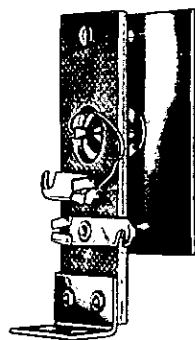
These Rectifiers employ the diffusion principle, developed by General Electric, of creating P-N junctions. This technique has been the subject of considerable research and development and has yielded the products described in this specification sheet.

FEATURES:

- LONG LIFE—hermetically sealed construction
- HIGH EFFICIENCY—low forward resistance
- LOW LEAKAGE—high back resistance
- SMALL SIZE—requires a minimum of space
- LEADS ATTACHED (1N91, 1N92, 1N93)—for solder-in connection
- VERSATILE RATINGS—operation in ambients up to 65°C



1N91, 1N92, 1N93

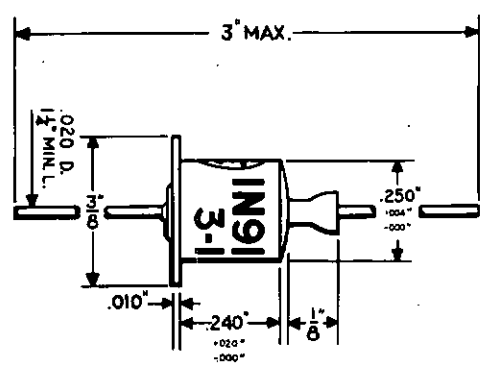


1N94, 1N151,
1N152, 1N153

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

GENERAL PURPOSE TYPES

RTMA TYPE NUMBER	(formerly)
1N91	4JA1A1
1N92	4JA1A2
1N93	4JA1A3



OUTLINE DRAWING

SPECIFICATIONS :

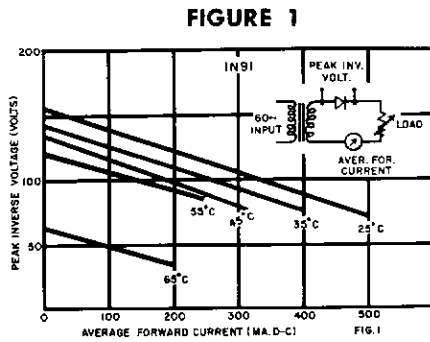
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS:
(for 60 cycle, 55°C, resistive load)

	1N91	1N92	1N93
Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)*	100	200	300
Peak Forward Current (amps)	0.47	0.31	0.25
D-C Output Current (ma.)*	150	100	75
D-C Surge Current (amps)	25	25	25
Full Load Voltage Drop (volts)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Leakage Current (ma., @ Rated P.I.V.)	2.7	1.9	1.2
Continuous Reverse Working Voltage (volts)	30	65	100
Operating Frequency (Kc)	50	50	50
Storage Temperature (°C)	85	85	85

* Typical Absolute Maximum Ratings. For other combinations and for ratings at other than 55°C, refer to Figures 1, 2 and 3.

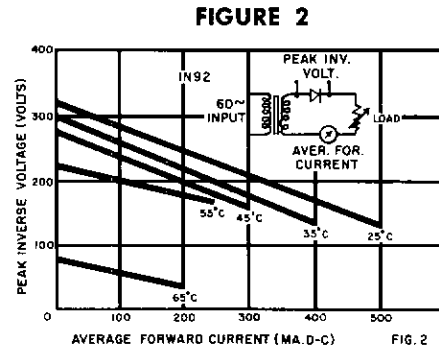
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS:

(for 60 cycle, resistive load)



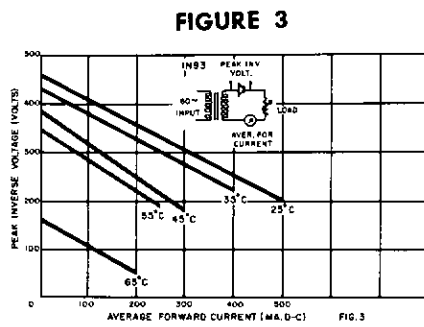
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN91



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

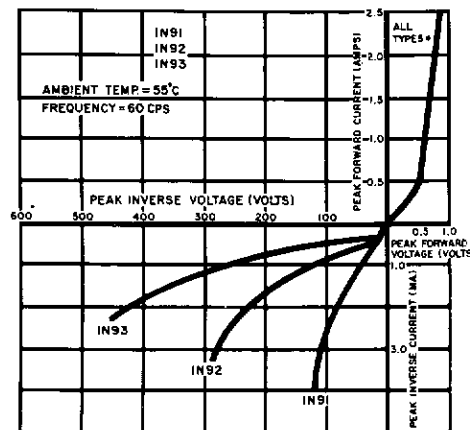
IN92



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN93

NOTE: These curves on the 1N91, 1N92 and 1N93 rectifiers establish ratings on the respective models. An individual rectifier may be operated at any voltage-current point on or below the temperature characteristic for the particular model. The Peak Inverse Voltage-D-C Output Current ratings given on the previous page constitute one point on these curves.



DYNAMIC VOLTAGE-CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS

IN91, IN92, IN93

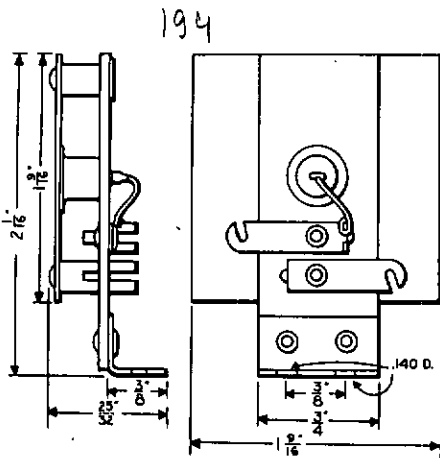
DIFFUSED DIODE RECTIFIER TELEVISION MODEL

RTMA TYPE
NUMBER
1N94
1N151
1N152
1N153

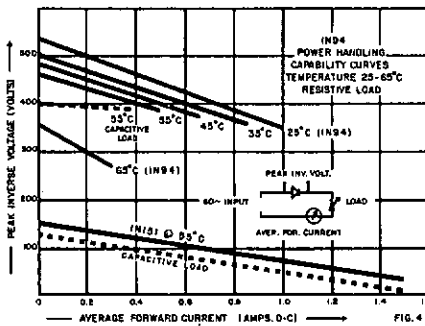
(formerly)
4JA2A4

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS: (for 60 cycle, 55°C, resistive load)

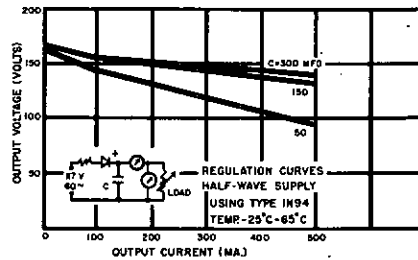
	1N151	1N152	1N153	1N94	
RMS Input Voltage	35	70	105	130	Volts
Peak Inverse Voltage	100	200	300	380	Volts
Peak Forward Current	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57	Amps.
D-C Output Current	500	500	500	500	Ma.
D-C Output Current (Capacitive Load)	350	350	350	350	Ma.
D-C Surge Current	25	25	25	25	Amps.
Full Load Voltage Drop, Peak	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	Volts
Leakage Current (at Rated P.I.V.)	2.4	1.9	1.2	0.8	Ma.
Continuous Reverse Working Voltage	30	65	100	185	Volts
Operating Frequency	50	50	50	50	KC
Storage Temperature	85	85	85	85	°C



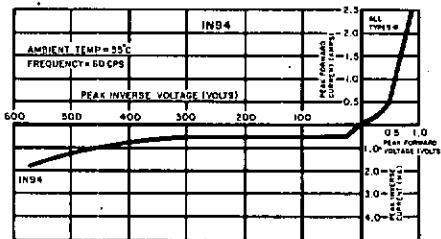
OUTLINE DRAWING



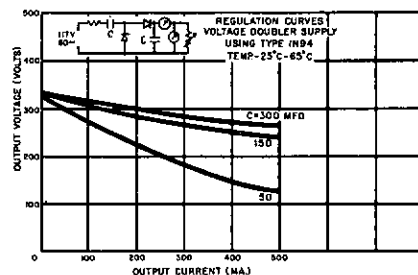
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
FOR 60 CYCLE, RESISTIVE LOAD



REGULATION CURVE
HALF-WAVE SUPPLY



DYNAMIC VOLTAGE-CURRENT
CHARACTERISTIC



REGULATION CURVE
VOLTAGE DOUBLER SUPPLY

ELECTRONICS DIVISION
GENERAL ELECTRIC
ELECTRONICS DEPT. - SYRACUSE 1, N. Y.

1953-54 General Electric Co. Inc. 1000
CAMPDEN ROAD, SYRACUSE 1, N. Y.
PRINTED IN U.S.A.

TENTATIVE SPECIFICATION*

GL1A (SWITCHING TYPE)

GERMANIUM WHISKER TRANSISTOR

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Operating Point</u>	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Max.</u>
Alpha (1)	$I_e = -0.1 \text{ ma}, V_c = -15 \text{ v}$	--	0.3
Alpha (2)	$I_e = +.05 \text{ ma}, V_c = -15 \text{ v}$	2.5	--
Alpha (3)	$I_e = +1.0 \text{ ma}, V_c = -15 \text{ v}$	2.0	--
**Cut-off frequency	$I_e = 0.5 \text{ ma}, V_c = -15 \text{ v}$	3.0 mc	--
Off collector current, I_{co}	$I_e = 0 \text{ ma}, V_c = -15 \text{ v}$	--	0.8 ma
On collector voltage, $V_{3,4}$	$I_e = +3 \text{ ma}, I_c = -4 \text{ ma}$	--	2.0 v
Reverse emitter resistance, r_{er}	$V_e = -10 \text{ v}, I_c = 0 \text{ ma}$	100K ohms	--
***D. C. base resistance, r_{bo}	$I_e = 0, V_c = -15 \text{ v}$	--	500 ohms

*This specification supercedes the electrical characteristics given for type GL1A on publication number ECG-1B dated December, 1952.

**Frequency at which alpha is 3 db down from its 1000 cycle value.

$$***r_{bo} = \frac{V_e}{I_{co}}$$

In the construction of the equipment described, the full intent of the specification will be met. The General Electric Company, however, reserves the right to make any departure from the specification for reasons of improved design.

ELECTRONICS DIVISION

GENERAL ELECTRIC

Electronics Park, Syracuse 1, N. Y.